SECTION 3 RURAL RESIDENTIAL AND AGRICULTURAL SUB-DISTRICT (RR/A)

3.1 Purpose.

This chapter establishes the Rural Residential and Agricultural Sub-District and standards specifically applicable within the Sub-District. The purpose of the Rural Residential and Agricultural Sub-District is to promote and preserve continued agricultural and rural Residential use of property, including waterways, Open Space, trails, and wildlife corridors as important elements of the Four Corners community. For the purpose of § 76-2-209, MCA, the RR/A Rural Residential and Agricultural Sub-District is determined to be Residential in nature.

3.2 Uses Allowed By Right.

Uses allowed by right in the RR/A Zoning Sub-District are listed below. With the exception of Agriculture and Agriculture-related Structures, any new construction associated with Principal Uses requires an administrative land use permit from the Planning Department prior to any construction. See Section 2.3 for the permitting process.

Use	Comments
Agriculture and agricultural activity	Includes associated Structures and employee
	housing.
Day Care, Family	
Essential Services, Type I	
Home Occupations	See Development Standards in Section 9.2.7
Mobile Home Parks	
Religious Organizations and Places	
of Worship	
Residential	Includes single-family residences up to and
	including four-plexes (including Apartments),
	Accessory Uses, Guesthouses, and Caretakers
	Residences. Accessory Dwelling Units shall
	not exceed more than two.
Riding Stables	Including Commercial Equestrian Facilities
Schools	
Wind or Solar Towers	

3.3 Conditional Uses.

Conditional uses allowed in the RR/A Zoning District are listed below and will require a CUP pursuant to Section 2.4 prior to commencement.

Use	Comments	

Bed and Breakfast Inns	
Boarding Houses	
Campgrounds	
Communications Towers	Outside of platted subdivisions
Community Centers	
Day Care	Includes Group and Center
Essential Services, Type II	
Extended Care (Nursing and	
Residential Care)	
golf courses and country clubs	
Home-Based Businesses	
non-conforming uses - expansion	
Opencut Operations (AKA Gravel	Excluding asphalt mixing plants. See Section
Mine)	9.2.8 for Development Standards.
Residential	Residential uses exceeding four-plex Units
Special Events Facilities	
veterinary clinics	Not including animal kennel operations
Warehousing	self-storage only

3.4 Required Property Line Setbacks.

- 3.4.1 <u>Setbacks</u>. There are no minimum property line setbacks. Property line setbacks are controlled by the Landscape Buffers described in Section 9.2.5.
- 3.4.2 <u>Exemptions.</u> When a Lot owner owns multiple Lots, Landscape Buffers for the common interior property line do not apply and Lot owners may build across Lot lines. Landscaped buffers apply on the outer Lot lines.

3.5 Building Height.

Unless otherwise excepted by Section 3.5.1, the height of all new Structures shall be limited to 50 feet as measured from the lowest point of the finished grade to the highest structural point of the roof.

3.5.1 <u>Exemptions.</u> The construction of a new Agricultural Structure or the addition to an existing Agricultural Structure is not subject to the requirements of Section 3.5.

3.6 Density.

The number of Lots allowed is based on Gross Average Density. There is no minimum Lot size; Lots may be any size as long as the overall density of the project does not exceed that allowed by this section. Base Density in the RR/A subdistrict shall not exceed 1.75 Units per acre.

- 3.6.1 <u>Exception.</u> Family transfer claims are exempt from the density requirements of Section 3.6.
- 3.6.2 <u>Fractional Density</u>. If the number of allowable Units result in a fractional number, the fractional number shall be rounded off to the nearest whole number to determine the allowable Units per project. For the purposes of rounding off, 0.5 and above shall be rounded up to the next highest number, and 0.49 and below shall be rounded down to the next lowest number.
- 3.6.3 <u>Inter-District Transfer of Rights (TDR) and/or Credits (TDC).</u> In the event a countywide TDR or TDC program is created, this section will apply. Subdivisions purchasing development credits from Gallatin County Sending Areas may receive a density up to 2.5 Units per acre.

Open Space requirements for subdivisions purchasing credits shall refer to Table 3.1 below.

3.6.4 <u>Intra-District Transfers of Development Rights</u>. Residential Development Rights may be transferred between properties within the RR/A Sub-District of the Four Corners Zoning District, including between properties in different sub-districts, with the exception that no Development Rights may be transferred into the LDRR/A Sub-District.

Subdivisions purchasing Development Rights from within the Four Corners Zoning District may receive a density up to 3.5 Units per gross acre. Open Space requirements for subdivisions purchasing credits shall refer to Table 3.1 below. Property selling Development Rights shall refer to Section 3.7.4 below.

3.7 Open Space Requirements.

Park space required by the Montana Subdivision and Platting Act and the Gallatin County Subdivision Regulations is included in the Open Space calculations.

- 3.7.1 <u>General Requirements.</u> Subdivisions with any Lots smaller than 5 acres shall provide Open Space in compliance with the sliding scale in Table 3.1. See Section 9.3.4 for compliance with Open Space standards.
- 3.7.2 <u>Sliding Scale Requirements.</u> Open Space requirements within new subdivisions shall follow a sliding scale increasing relative to the density of the subdivision according to Table 3.1. If the increased density results in a fraction that does not correspond to one of the categories in the table below, the Open Space requirement for the nearest density shall be used.

Table 3.1

Transfer of Development Credits/Rights Program	Density	Percentage of Open Space Required Within Subdivision
Density allowed by right	Less than 1 Lot per 5 acres to 1.75 Units per acre	20%
Density achieved by transfer of rights or credits	Greater than 1.75 Units per acre to 2 Units per acre	20%
Density achieved by transfer of rights or credits	Greater than 2 Units per acre to 2.5 Units per acre	25%
Density achieved by transfer of rights only	Greater than 2.5 Units per acre to 3 Units per acre	25%
Density achieved by transfer of rights only	Greater than 3 Units per acre to 3.5 Units per acre	25%

3.7.3 Open Space Requirements for Intra-District Transfers of Development Rights. Open Space shall be permanently set aside on the property sending the Development Rights within the District in an amount corresponding to the number of rights purchased using the Base Density (as per Section 3.6). (For example, based on a Base Density of 1.75 Units per acre, if 18 Development Rights are purchased, 10 acres of Open Space shall be set permanently aside on the sending Parcel and not counted in any future Development Right calculation.) Development Standards in Section 9.3.4 apply.

3.8 Additional Standards.

- 3.8.1 Refer to Section 9 for Development Standards.
- 3.8.2 Landowners are reminded that other federal, state, and local approvals may be required, including but not limited to approval for sanitation and water supply facilities, demonstration of adequate water rights, access or system impact approvals from Gallatin County and/or the Montana Department of Transportation, compliance with covenants, or any other federal, state, or local approvals required by law.